

Our File Notre référence PATH #14-hnfl-00483

March 13, 2015

Darren Hicks
Environmental Analyst
Canada-Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore Petroleum Board
140 Water St., 4th Floor
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Dear Mr. Hicks

# Re: DFO Review of Bridgeporth JEBCO Environmental Assessment Report North Flemish Pass Gravity Survey 2015-2019.

As requested, Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) has reviewed the above referenced EA document dated January 2015 and received on February 3, 2015. The following comments are offered for your review and consideration.

#### <u>Section 2.1 Project Name and Location (page 5)</u>

• The Coordinates of the "Project Area" in Table 2.1 are given for 9 corners, which is not clear since there are 4 corners of the "Project Area" presented in Figure 2.1 on page 8. Clarification of the "Project Area" coordinates as noted in Table 2.1 is required.

#### Section 2.3.3 Project Activity Area (page 8)

- Figure 2.1 should include a scale for distance in the legend of this and other similar Figures presented throughout the EA Report.
- Figure 2.1 (page 8) and Figure 4.1 (Page 19) should be amended to depict areas noted within the project description (see page 1) i.e. Flemish Pass, Jeanne d'Arc Basin, and NE Newfoundland Slope.

# Section 2.5.1 Noise Emissions (page 11)

Regarding the statement referencing data presented in Figure 2.2 "While cruising at altitude maximum sound level is 82 dB re 20uPa at <500Hz." The 'solid box' depicting P3 at cruise shows maximum sound level at 90 dB re 20uPa <500Hz, which is more than the occupational noise exposure limit of 85 dB re 20uPa. This should be clarified.</li>



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• Figure 2.2 Legend is not clear. It seems logical that "P3A Cruise" represents a cruising P-3, but what does "F18 88% Cruise", "AV8B", "S3A", "C130E" represent? It should be written in the Footnote.

# Section 4.1.2 Spatial Scope (page 19)

 With respect to Figure 4.1 it is assumed that the 'green dashed line' represents Canada's EEZ and the line should be labelled as such. The legend for Figure 4.1 should also include a scale for distance.

# Section 5.8.2 Marine Mammals (page 46 - 47)

- Just making reference to summary data in the ENSEA 2014 without noting marine mammals known to be present within the study area is not sufficient. It is felt that this section should at least provide a list of marine mammals present in the Study Area.
- Regarding Figure 5.9 the date range that the data represents should be included.

#### Section 5.8.4 Species at Risk (page 48)

- When referring to SARA listed species the population/designatable unit should also be identified.
  - The applicable population/designatable unit of Leatherback Sea Turtle is the Atlantic Population.
  - The applicable population/designatable unit of Blue Whale is the Atlantic Population, not the NW Atlantic Population.
- The correct name is North Atlantic Right Whale, not the North American Right Whale

#### Section 5.8.4.1 Marine Mammals (page 48)

- The Northern Bottlenose Whale (Scotian Shelf Population) is included in *Section 6.4.4.2* of this document, therefore, it should also be included in this section.
- With regards to the first sentence in the third paragraph in this section "critical habitat" as defined by the Species at Risk Act (SARA) is the habitat that is necessary for the survival or recovery of a listed wildlife species and that is identified as the species' critical habitat in the recovery strategy or action plan for the species. The term "important habitat" may be more applicable in this case and the above noted section amended accordingly.



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- With regards to the last sentence in the third paragraph in this section, please correct the text according to the following comments:
  - Sei Whale (Atlantic Population) is not listed on Schedule 1 of SARA and is assessed as Data Deficient by COSEWIC.
  - Humpback Whale (Western North Atlantic Population) is not listed on Schedule
     1 of SARA and is assessed by COSEWIC as Not at Risk.
  - Harbour Porpoise (Atlantic Population) is not listed on Schedule 1 of SARA and is assessed by COSEWIC as Special Concern.

#### Section 5.8.4.2 Sea Turtles (page 49)

 While the Loggerhead Turtle is assessed by COSEWIC it is not listed on Schedule 1 of SARA.

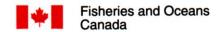
#### Section 5.8.5 Sensitive Areas (page 49).

 Last sentence – indicates that "There are no migratory bird sanctuaries located offshore Newfoundland". This sentence should be amended to note that, while outside the study area / project area, there is in fact an "offshore" migratory bird sanctuary at Funk Island. While not likely intentional it may be a bit misleading to not at least mention this area especially given that Figure 5.10 notes a number of EBSAs that are located outside the study area / project area.

# Section 5.8.5.1 Ecologically and Biologically Significant Area (EBSA) (page 51)

- Regarding Figure 5.10 "Locations of the PBGB LOMA..." This caption is poorly worded
  and confusing. Something like this may be better (with a more adequate legend on the
  map). "Ecologically and Biologically Significant Areas and the Bonavista Cod Box Relative
  to the Study Area."
- Also the Map symbology portrays the Cod Box and EBSAs with the same symbol. These
  areas are of different classes and should be represented differently (e.g. EBSA with one
  patch and fill and Cod Box with another) on Figure 5.10 with appropriate notation in the
  figure legend.
- Also with respect to Figure 5.10 there should be a different symbol (color, hatch pattern, etc.) for PBGB LOMA EBSAs, NL Shelves EBSAs and as noted above for the Cod Box.





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#### Sections 5.9.1 Commercial Fisheries and 6.6 Effects on Commercial Fisheries.

• Given that the surveys are aerial and the report indicates that airborne sound does not transmit well into water the proposed avoidance and communication mitigations proposed appear sufficient.

#### Section 5.9.1.2 Harvest Season (page 54)

• Figure 5.12 is missing the 12<sup>th</sup> month and so, the data illustrated in the figure does not correspond to the preceding text which describes the percent landings. Please correct.

### Section 6.2 Marine Mammals, Section 6.3 Sea Turtles and Section 6.4.Sara Species

 General comment: Any dead or distressed marine mammals, sea turtles, and other SARA species should be reported to DFO.

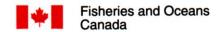
#### Section 6.2 Marine Mammals (page 67)

• First paragraph - regarding the statement "However, Fisheries and Oceans Canada did not provide comment to C-NLOPB on marine mammals in its review of the project description." The review of the Project Description and Draft Scoping Document was not intended to be a detailed review of the existing environmental components and/or a detailed review of potential effects. That is the intention of the project EA report. The review of the project description and draft scoping document was intended to identify (to the CNLOPB) that DFO is in possession of expert knowledge and advice related to fish, fish habitat, marine mammals, species at risk and fisheries that may inform the project environmental assessment. This statement should be removed.

# Section 6.2.4.1 Aircraft Presence/Noise Emission (page 72)

- A legend is required for Figure 6.1 as well as a scale for distance.
- Given that the proposed survey is scheduled to take place from 2015 2019 it is
  important to note there may be considerations resulting from proposed amendments to
  the *Marine Mammal Regulations (MMR)*. While not finalized, although public
  consultation has ended, of particular interest may be a proposed amendment to Section
  7.2.(1) which includes:





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- (1) When an aircraft is being operated at an altitude of less than 304.8m (1,000 feet) within a one-half nautical mile radius of a marine mammal, no person shall perform a flight manoeuvre including taking off, landing or altering the course or altitude of the aircraft for the purpose of bringing the aircraft closer to the marine mammal or otherwise disturbing it.
- It is recommended that the proponent be aware of any potential implications that may arise in relation the acceptance of proposed amendments to the *MMR* during the proposed survey timeframe.

### Section 6.2.4.1.1 Hearing Abilities and Sound Production (page 72)

- Last paragraph page 73 regarding "Nowacek et al. (2007) and Richardson et al. (1995) provide good reviews of the knowledge of anthropogenic noise effects on marine mammals." It would be advisable to also reference, and include relevant information from, more recent work on the effects of noise on marine mammals (e.g. The Effects of Noise on Aquatic Life (edited by Arthur N Popper and Anthony Hawkins) in: Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology 730, Springer Science + Business Media, New York 2012 pp 695).
- The last two paragraphs on page 73 including the last sentence on page 73 are confusing. The last sentence notes that "Aircraft noise is not in the levels that could induce temporary or permanent threshold shifts in marine mammal hearing." The level of aircraft noise and the type of aircraft generating the noise are not clear. Does it refer to the plane(s) to be used for the proposed survey and the level of sound / noise generated by such planes as described earlier in Section 2.5.1 (see Table 2.3 page 12)? Also it is not clear what is meant by "levels that could induce temporary or permanent threshold shifts". These two uncertainties should be clarified?
- First paragraph 2<sup>nd</sup> sentence page 74 it should be noted that Table 5.2 does not provide any information for fixed wing aircraft, this oversight should be corrected and relevant information added to Table 5.2 as necessary.
- Regarding the sentence "Figure 6.2 shows noise frequencies levels generated from ships, aircraft and sonar relative to hearing sensitivities of marine life." "Jets" are shown in Figure 6.2 which has a dominant frequency range close to 1 kHz, higher than the dominant frequency of the proposed aircraft type for the study. The dominant frequency range for a twin engine aircraft should be indicated on the figure.



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### Section 6.3.4.2 Noise Emissions (Sea Turtles) (page 81)

- This section should also include reference to more recent work by "Piniak, Mann, Eckert and Harms. 2012. Amphibious hearing in sea turtles In: The Effects of Noise on Aquatic Life (Popper and Hawkins, eds.) Springer, New York p83-87." which describes the in-air and in-water sensitivity of adult and juvenile sea turtles (Chelonia mydas) to stimuli of varying frequencies.
- The last sentence page 81 "This range would be with that sound level produced by the aircraft." Should be changed to "This frequency range would be within the same frequency range produced by the aircraft." "Sound level" refers to the sound pressure level, not the frequency.
- 6<sup>th</sup> line page 82 the statement "Therefore, as aerial surveys are an acceptable method for sea turtle population study by reputable research institutions, it is reasonable to conclude that there are no anticipated significant adverse effects upon sea turtle hearing from the gravity survey either." While aerial surveys are widely used for population estimates of marine mammals and sea turtles, it is incorrect to conclude this would mean no significant effect on sea turtle hearing would result from the current survey: this conclusion should be based on the environmental assessment for the proposed project. This sentence should be reworded or removed accordingly.

# Section 6.4 Species at Risk (page 83)

- When referring to SARA listed species the population/designatable unit should also be identified.
  - The applicable population/designatable unit of Blue Whale is the Atlantic Population.
  - The applicable population/designatable unit of Fin Whale is the Atlantic Population.
  - The applicable population/designatable unit of Northern Bottlenose Whale is the Scotian Shelf Population.
  - The applicable population/designatable unit of Leatherback Sea Turtle is the Atlantic Population.
- Harbour Porpoise (Atlantic Population) is not listed on Schedule 1 of SARA and is assessed by COSEWIC as Special Concern.
- Killer Whale (Northwest Atlantic/Eastern Arctic Population) is not listed on Schedule 1 of SARA and is assessed by COSEWIC as Special Concern.





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 Loggerhead Turtle not listed on Schedule 1 of SARA and is assessed by COSEWIC as Endangered.

# Section 6.4.4.2.2 Noise Emissions (page 85)

• Second sentence 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph - "Initial studies have established that noise generated from offshore operations present a low risk to marine life....." Please provide a reference for the "initial" studies used to make this statement.

# Section 6.5 Sensitive Areas (page 88)

• While four EBSAs are listed as being in the Study area, it should be noted that there are in fact 5 EBSAs located within the study area. The Orphan Spur (included in Figure 5.10 and Table 5.4 (page 51 and 52 respectively)) has been omitted. It is felt that Section 6.5 should be amended to include the Orphan Spur EBSA.

#### Section 6.5.4.2 Noise Emissions (page 89)

• The statement "Sound generated by seismic surveys has been deemed not to be significantly adverse to marine wildlife by regulators in the region" is not accurate or totally correct. A scientific peer review process led by Fisheries and Oceans Canada in 2004 considered the most current evidence of the impacts of seismic sound on marine life. The findings concluded that there was evidence that at certain received sound levels, behavioral changes can occur in some marine fish, marine mammals and sea turtles, with the greatest potential in close proximity to the source. A number of measures for mitigating the potential impacts of seismic sound were identified, agreed to, and subsequently incorporated by federal, provincial governments into the Statement of Canadian Practice with respect to the Mitigation of Seismic Sound in the Marine Environment which has become an integral element of the design and conduct of seismic programs in NL marine offshore areas. The sentence should be amended accordingly.

# Section 6.6.4.1 Aircraft Presence (page 91)

• First sentence 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph – notes that "Effects on seal behavior from aircraft noise and aircraft presence are discussed in Section \*." The sentence should be amended to provide the Section number where this is discussed.





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Thank you for providing DFO the opportunity to comment on this document. If you have any questions or comments in this regard please contact me.

Yours sincerely,

Original Signed and provided in PDF format

Senior Fisheries Protection Biologist – Coastal, Marine Oil & Gas Development Fisheries Protection Program, Regulatory Reviews **Ecosystems Management Branch** 

